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SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1773.

LONDON, MAY 26.

THEY write from Providence, that Captain Kendon, of that iſland, having been on a private trade on the Spaniſh Main, fell in with three French men of war and five tranſports, the latter appearing full of people, which ſurpriſed him the more, as they were full 200 leagues to leeward of all the French Iſlands, by their courſe, which was Weſt half South. It appeared they were bound to the Gulph of Darien.

A perſon lately arrived from Madrid ſays, that the St. Januarius and St. Ildefonſo, of 80 guns each, with the St. Iſabella, of 60 guns, and two frigates, are fitting out at Carthagena, for a ſecret expedition.

Private letters from Cadiz adviſe, that two men of war of the line, a frigate, and three large tranſports, with a quantity of artillery on board, ſailed from thence the 19th of April, on a ſecret expedition; and that a rumour prevailed, that the above ſquadron was deſigned to join the French on the coaſt of Guiney, to execute certain commiſſions of importance; after which the Spaniſh ſhips were to bear away for the Havanna.

MAY 27. The ſword preſented to Lord Clive by the Eaſt-India Company as a mark of their approbation of his ſervices, coſt a thouſand guineas.

They write from Liſbon, that certain important advices from their ſettlements at Goa, will occaſion a Portugueſe ſquadron, with land forces on board, to make a viſit very ſhortly to the Eaſt-Indies.

Advices from Algiers ſay, that the Beys of the three provinces, and the Dey, have received orders to bring all their troops into the field immediately.

A penurious rector of a good benefice, near B-df-rd, inſiſted on having his tithe in kind, contrary to the cuſtom of the pariſh, which rather diſguſted an old farmer, who kept a quantity of bees; the farmer wrapt up one of his hives in a cloth with the bees, and took it to the Rector's houſe, and deſired to ſpeak with him, was introduced into his ſtudy, and told the Rector he had ten hives, and had brought him one in kind, and then turned out the bees on the Rector's deſk, and retreated; but the bees having no reſpect for the cloth, almoſt ſtung the Parſon to death before he could get aſſiſtance.

Genuine extract of a private letter from Leghorn, dated May 2.

"We have juſt received authentic advice, that ſix Ruſſian ſhips of the line and two frigates have paſſed through the Boſphorous from the Black Sea into the Ægean, or Archipelago, notwithſtanding all the reſiſtance that was made by the Turkiſh ſhips of war and the gallies which could come up with them. The batteries at the Dardanelles opened and began to play upon the Ruſſians; but the guns were managed ſo injudiciouſly, that hardly one ſhot took place, and the veſſels ſailed clear through the ſtreight in triumph."

It is ſaid that all our dock yards will this ſummer be enlarged, and a certain number of able artificers conſtantly employed.

They write from Dublin, that orders were received, by the laſt packet, for three regiments on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment, to hold themſelves in readineſs to embark for foreign ſervice.

They write from Gibraltar, that, by a veſſel put in there from Sallee, there is advice, that the noted piratical rover, Reis Hamet Leues, was fitting out in that port a fifty-gun ſhip, three frigates, and two xebeques, for a cruize in the Mediterranean; and it was ſtrongly reported, this force was deſigned to act againſt the Venetians.

Authentic letters from Dublin mention, that, by the accounts received from different parts of that kingdom, the preſent number of preaching jeſuits there, have computed to exceed 3000.

It is very true that the Court of Verſailles ſeems in earneſt in its late peaceable declarations to the Court of Great-Britain; but it is equally true, that the Court of Madrid continues, in every department of war, to augment its force. Hence it is clear, that we ought to be on our guard, leſt we ſhould be lulled into ſecurity by French profeſſions till ſome important blow is ſtruck on the ſide of Spain againſt us, which may coſt us a few millions of Britiſh money, and a no inconſiderable portion of Britiſh blood, to repair and revenge.

The laſt letters from Warſaw agree, that the King has loſt all his popularity; that his duplicity in publicly ſtanding up for the liberties of Poland, whilſt he was privately treating with the miniſters of Peterſburgh, Vienna, and Berlin, (which for theſe ſix months paſt has been the fact) and his late acceſſion to the confederacy, and trampling, in conſequence, on the privileges of the Diet, have occaſioned ſuch open murmurs, that the monarch has been obliged to treble his uſual guard, to inſure the ſafety of his perſon.

Yeſterday came on to be tried before Lord Chief Juſtice De Grey and a Special Jury, at Weſtminſter, a cauſe wherein Sir Henry Ecklin, Bart. was plaintiff, and a gentleman and his wife were defendants: the caſe was as follows: Miſs Q——, now Mrs. H——, being in a nunnery in France for education, never having ſeen her parents during eight years, when a fire happening in the convent the ladies made their eſcape in the beſt manner they could to avoid the flames, and having a knowledge of Lady Ecklin, implored her protection, being then in Paris. Soon afterwards the Lady Abbeſs ſent a letter, deſiring her to return; but Miſs, tired of a monaſtick life, refuſed, declaring ſhe would ſooner beg her way to England, where her fortune was, than return to the monaſtery, where ſhe ſhould be confined for life. Lady Ecklin compaſſionated her diſtreſs, and having no cloaths but them on her back, cloathed her and brought her to England, maintained her nine months at home, then placed her at a boarding ſchool at Cheliea, and paid nine months board for her there; ſhe then married, and the huſband refuſing any ſatisfaction, this action was brought for her maintenance, &c. The plaintiff, notwithſtanding the juſtneſs of his claim, was nonſuited, his Lordſhip declaring the plaintiff, in order to recover, muſt prove a contract, and that the plaintiff having furniſhed Miſs with theſe neceſſaries, without the conſent of her parents, in the law Sir Henry and his lady were looked upon only as treſpaſſers, and could not maintain their action. They muſt therefore conſult the doctrine of chances in Chancery-lane, where we hope they will find EQUITY, notwithſtanding the difficulty, expence, and delays, with which ſhe is ſurrounded.

Laſt Tueſday as a gentleman belonging to Durham, was croſſing the river Wear at Framwelgate Ford, his horſe got into a hole in the bed of the river, and after remaining a little time under water, came up without his rider, and ſwam aſhore. All means were immediately uſed to find the gentleman, by dragging, &c. which could not be effected for about half an hour, when he was taken up apparently dead. A Surgeon being preſent, got him conveyed into a houſe, laid him before the fire, and after rubbing his body with ſalt, and applying tobacco fumigations, he at length ſhewed ſigns of life by diſgorging a great quantity of water, and is now ſo well recovered as to be able to walk about his room.

It is ſaid that nothing but the cuſtomaty ſupplies will be demanded from the Parliament for the ſervice of the preſent year, and that 1,300,000l. of the national debt, has been paid off in the courſe of laſt year.

Extract of a letter from Conſtantinople, April 20.

"The Sublime Porte was never ſo much at a ſtand, never ſo much diſtreſſed to carry on a war, as they are in the preſent renewed one againſt the Ruſſians. The Treaſury of the Ottoman empire is nearly exhauſted; the army, though numerous, is but in an indifferent ſtate, and diſtracted with mutinies; the navy is in the ſame predicament, and every preparation which ought to have gone forward with ſpirit is relaxed, nay omitted, through the innate fear which the Turks harbour againſt the Ruſſians; in ſhort, every thing is in a ſtate of deſperation, and it muſt be next to a miracle that the Turkiſh empire is not ſoon ſhook to its baſis."

There are at this time living at an inn at Farnham, in Surry, two ſiſters, one of whom is ſix feet and an inch, the other ſix feet three inches high. The firſt is about 20 years of age, the other 18.

MAY 28. A letter from Spain ſays, "It has juſt tranſpired, that the King has publiſhed an edict, commanding that for the future all merchants, whether Spaniſh or foreign, reſiding in his dominions, ſhall be obliged to tranſact all their buſineſs, relative to money or writings, in the Spaniſh or Tuſcan language, under rigorous penalties; and ſuch as tranſgreſs this edict the third time ſhall be liable to baniſhment or forfeiture of their effects. This law, ſo contradictory to the honour of ſeveral treaties, and particularly that of Utrecht 1714, has cauſed great conſternation among the foreign merchants."

Different letters from Jamaica mention that 15 Spaniſh men of war of the line are now building, and in great forwardneſs, at the Havanna, ſome of which are almoſt ready for launching. By the ſame letters we are told that the Spaniards have introduced the uſe of row-gallies in their ſettlements, on board of which all malefactors not guilty of capital crimes, and refractory and run-away ſlaves, are condemned to the oar.

They write from Corke, that two tranſports are now loading there with ſalt proviſions for Bermudas, on the Government's account, where, we are informed, magazines are ordered to be kept for the ſupply of ſuch of his Majeſty's ſhips of war cruizing in the Atlantic, as may have occaſion to touch at that iſland in want of ſtores, the neglect of which was ſeverely felt on ſeveral occaſions during the laſt war.

Yeſterday morning died, advanced in years, at her houſe in St. James's ſquare, her Grace Mary Ducheſs of Norfolk. Her Grace was married in 1727, and was the daughter and co-heir of Edward Blount, Eſq; of Blagdon in Devonſhire.

Notwithſtanding Lord Townſend has been branded with want of courage by the people of Ireland during his five years adminiſtration in that kingdom, his Lordſhip has given two recent proofs to the contrary; firſt, in fighting Lord Bellamont, one of the moſt illuſtrious characters of that nation; and next, in marrying to a young lady of 17 years of age, his Lordſhip being turned of his meridian.

By the lateſt advices from Paris, we hear, that great diſcord at preſent reigns in the French cabinet, the Princes of the blood and the Peers being divided into what is called the French and Spaniſh Faction. On the event of this conteſt depends war or peace.

Yeſterday the Hon. Captain Phipps ſet out from Lord Mulgrave's, in Harley-ſtreet, Cavendiſh-ſquare, to embark on board a veſſel ready equipped at Graveſend, to attempt a voyage to the North Pole, and, if poſſible, find the North-Weſt paſſage.

MAY 29. It is ſaid, a very eminent Civilian has been conſulted on the marriage of a certain noble Perſonage, to know whether it was valid, as there was no evidence to prove it; when he replied, as the parties themſelves ſwore it, it was good in law.

Lord Clive's enemies have endeavoured to make the public believe that Sir William Meredith's favourite Nabob, Suraja Dowla, (who put to death near 200 Engliſhmen in the Black Hole) was aſſaſſinated by his Lordſhip. All that is known of the fate of that tyrant ſtands recorded upon the Journals of the Houſe of Commons of laſt year, page 805, and is to the following effect:

'That Suraja Dowla, after his defeat at Plaſſey, fled, and 'took ſhelter in the houſe of a Fakier, whoſe noſe and ears he 'had formerly cut off: that at Rajemahl, a ſmall diſtance from 'the place where he took refuge, lived a brother of the new 'Nabob, Meer Jaffier, to whom the Fakier ſent immediate 'notice that Suraja Dowla was in his houſe, and that he would 'detain him till he could be ſeized; that he was accordingly 'ſeized, carried from thence to the city, and immediately put 'to death by Meerham, Meer Jaffier's ſon, without his father's 'knowledge; that Lord Clive knew nothing of this circumſtance 'till the next day, when Meer Jaffier made him acquainted with 'it, and apologized for the act, by ſaying that Suraja Dowla had 'raiſed a mutiny among the troops.'

JUNE 1. The Committee appointed by the General Court of the Eaſt-India Company to take the moſt effectual meaſures for oppoſing a bill now depending in Parliament, entitled, 'A 'Bill for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the better Manage-'ment of the Affairs of the Eaſt-India Company, as well in India as in Europe,' preſent their compliments to Mr. Alderman Kirkman, and requeſt the favour he will be pleaſed to lay the incloſed meſſage (a copy of which has been ſent to the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor) before the Court of Common Council at their meeting to-morrow.

Eaſt India Houſe, the 27th of May, 1773.

(COPY)

To the Right Honourable Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London in Common Council aſſembled.

THE Committee appointed by the General Court of the Eaſt-India Company to take the moſt vigorous and effectual meaſures for oppoſing a Bill now depending in Parliament, entitled, 'A Bill for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the 'better Management of the Affairs of the Eaſt-India Company, 'as well in India as in Europe,' have unanimouſly thought it their duty to apprize the City of London of the attack made upon the Company's charter rights by the ſaid Bill.

This Bill (without regard to the public faith, or to the valuable conſideration paid for the franchiſes granted in the Company's ſeveral charters) is calculated totally to alter the conſtitution of the Company at home, and the adminiſtration of its preſidencies abroad, in order to ſubject all their affairs, both at home and abroad, to the immediate power and influence of the crown.

This Bill, if it ſhould paſs into a law, will, without delinquency charged, or any ſpecific ground of forfeiture aſſigned, diſfranchiſe above twelve hundred freemen of the Company, who are to be deprived of any vote in the management, directly or indirectly, of any part of their own immediate property. The Directors, who, by the ſtill ſubſiſting charter, are elected annually, are to be taken from under the controul of their Conſtituents, and to be continued for a term of years.

By the firſt of theſe operations, the Proprietary being reduced to a very ſmall number, will be rendered more manageable for miniſterial purpoſes; and by the ſecond, the Directors, no longer annually reſponſible to their Conſtituents, it is to be feared will become leſs attentive to their truſt, and more under the direction of the Treaſury, to whom they owe this prolongation of their power.

The whole government of the ſettlements in India, which by its charter belongs of right to the Company, is by this Bill taken from them, and in effect transferred to the crown. A general preſidency is to be eſtabliſhed over all their affairs. The firſt nomination of the Preſident and his Counſellors is to be made in the Houſe of Commons, and the future vacancies are to be filled by the King.

The nomination of Judges for India is alſo veſted in the crown, although the charter of juſtice has given the appointment of thoſe who exerciſe Judicature in India to the Company.

Notwithſtanding that the Company is thus deprived of its franchiſe in the choice of its ſervants by an unparralleled ſtrain of injuſtice and oppreſſion, it is compelled to pay ſuch ſalaries as Miniſters may think fit to direct to perſons in whoſe appointments, approbation, or removal, the Company is to have no ſhare.

It is not neceſſary to explain to the City of London the conſequence of this ſubverſion of the Company's charter, and the ſubjection of all its great concerns to the immediate authority of the Crown, nor to ſtate with what facility thoſe principles and thoſe powers which are uſed to juſtify and effect the ruin of the Company's independance, may be applied to deſtroy the independance of the City of London itſelf, and of every other corporate body in the kingdom.

The Company have never been called to anſwer for any abuſe of the franchiſes which are attempted thus violently to be taken away from them: Much improper invective has been employed, but no ſpecific accuſation has been ſtated. If they were not certain that with merits evident to the world, they were able fully to refute the calumnies of their enemies, they would not think themſelves worthy the ſupport of a body, repreſenting the moſt illuſtrious city in the world, whoſe concurrence in oppoſition to this bill, they think it their duty to requeſt.

The City of London have a common cauſe in the preſervation of charter rights and privileges, and a peculiar intereſt in the proſperity of the Company, which having the ſeat of its operations fixed in this great metropolis, has contributed in no mean degree to its opulence and power.

Whatever the fate of this application may be, they have the ſatisfaction of knowing that they have not been wanting to guard againſt the danger, and in time to warn others againſt an attempt which may be of the moſt fatal conſequence to the commerce, the laws, and the liberties of their country.

Signed by H. C. BOULTON,
Chairman of the Committee,
EDWARD WHELER.

Eaſt-India Houſe, May 27, 1773.

To the Honourable the Commons of Great-Britain in Parliament aſſembled.

The humble Petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled.

Sheweth,

THAT this Court having taken into their moſt ſerious conſideration a bill now depending in Parliament, entitled, 'A Bill for eſtabliſhing certain regulations for the better management of the affairs of the Eaſt-India Company, as well 'in India as in Europe,' are of opinion, that the ſaid bill is a direct and dangerous attack on the liberties of the people, and will, if paſſed into a law, prove of the moſt fatal conſequences to the ſecurity of property in general, and particularly the franchiſes of every corporate body in this kingdom, firſt by throwing ſuch an acceſſion of power into the hands of the Crown; and ſecondly, by deſtroying, without any legal proceeding, or any juſt cauſe, the moſt ſacred rights of the ſubject purchaſed for a valuable conſideration, and ſanctified by the moſt ſolemn Charters and Acts of Parliament.

That this Court is the more alarmed by theſe proceedings, as the privileges the City of London enjoy ſtand on the ſame ſecurity as thoſe of the Eaſt-India Company, which are thus attempted to be violated, and as the bill has been brought into the Houſe of Commons with a degree of ſecrecy incompatible with the principles of the Conſtitution in matters of ſuch public concern.

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray this Honourable Houſe, that the ſaid bill may not paſs into a law.

A correſpondent ſays, the attack on the five hundred pounds holders of the Eaſt-India ſtock, with the intention to ſet aſide their votes, is only a prologue to the deepeſt ſtab about to be given to the conſtitution that could be imagined. The plot of this tragedy, ſays our correſpondent, is as follows: If the firſt act (that is diſqualifying thoſe proprietors who are not in poſſeſſion of 1000l. ſtock from voting at the India-houſe on any public occaſion) goes off well, the ſecond act may be played next ſeſſion, which is to diſqualify all the little freeholders in every county in England from voting for members at the enſuing election, by which means the members will, in effect, chooſe who ſhall be their electors. Indifferent therefore as it may at firſt ſight appear, this act to diſqualify the Eaſt-India proprietors from voting, will at length come home to every elector; and when too late the 40s. per ann. Freeholders ſhall complain of the deprivation of their ancient rights and privileges, the caſe of the Eaſt-India proprietors will be quoted as a precedent, and they will be told, that though many of thoſe perſons qualifications coſt upwards of 1000l. each, yet as an act of parliament

deprived the ... of their rights, the Freeholders of 40s. per ann. have much less reason to complain. Does it not then, concludes our correspondent, behove the Freeholders of every county in England, to call a meeting immediately, and give instructions to their members how to act in a matter which concerns every Englishman so nearly?

Lord Chatham, we hear, if able, will attend the House next week, when it is expected the affairs of the East-India Company, will be finally settled.

Extract of a Letter from Petersburgh, May 22.

"The fleets of Russia are now in the most flourishing situation; in fact, they never were so respectable before. There are now at Revel 28 sail of the line, four of which are new 74 gun ships, and were built under the direction of Sir Charles Knowles. Most of the other new ships were built under the orders of English Artists; and great numbers of the Naval Officers are English, Scotch, or Irish. The maritime force in the Archipelago, &c. is very great, amounting to 40 sail of the line at least, besides frigates, &c."

Some letters from Lisbon advise, that three Commissioners are appointed, and are soon to set out for the Court of Madrid, to settle the differences between Spain and Portugal.

Letters from Paris mention, that a grand house is just taken there for the Prince Primate of Poland, his most valuable effects being already arrived there.

The Bill for making the estates of Bankers liable to the payment of their partnership debts, and for further punishing Bankers clerks for breach of trust, enacts, That after such a period, persons engaged in partnership, and carrying on the business of a banker, his, her, or their heirs, executors and administrators, shall be liable to the payment of all debts contracted by such partnership in the course of their dealing as Bankers, and shall also be liable to the same remedies for the recovery thereof, as if such heirs, executors, and administrators, had severally engaged for the payment of the said debts.

That from and after a subsequent period, all manors, messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, as well copy as freehold, whereof any Banker now or hereafter may die seized, or to which they may be by law or equity entitled, shall be subject to the payment of those debts, which, at the Banker's decease, may be owing, in the same manner as if such Banker had, at his decease, bequeathed the said estates for the payment of his debts.

Provided, that all the personal and real assets of Bankers, shall be first applied to the satisfaction of their debts, and the estates in fee-tail, general, or special, of which they died possessed, shall only be liable to make good the deficiency.

That it may be publicly known who are, and shall be deemed Bankers, so as to come within the meaning of this act, it ordains, that all persons dealing as Bankers shall cause their names to be registered, from which registry, so long as they continue to carry on the trade, their names shall not be struck out.

Those persons only whose names are thus registered shall be deemed Bankers within the meaning of this act, but persons discontinuing the business of a Banker, may, upon application, have their names struck out of the registry, and their real freehold or copyhold estates shall not be liable to the payment of debts contracted during the time their names continued upon the said register, unless a claim shall have been made, or an action commenced for the recovery of such debts within twelve calender months after the said Bankers die, or their names have been struck out of the register.

That no Bankers whose names shall hereafter be registered as such, shall deal or trade, or suffer any person in trust or otherwise to deal or trade in the buying or selling of any goods, wares or merchandizes whatever. Bankers so trading shall be liable to a forfeiture of more than the value of the goods so traded for; the penalty to be paid to the person suing for the same. Provided that nothing in this act be construed to hinder registered bankers from dealing in Bills of Exchange, in buying or selling bullion, gold, silver, or any goods which shall *bona fide* have been deposited with such Bankers for money actually lent thereon, and which shall not have been redeemed within the time agreed on; nor shall any thing in this act be construed to hinder Bankers from selling such goods, as may be the produce of lands purchased by such Bankers.

That the name of every person, who after such a period shall carry on the business of a Banker, shall be mentioned in or subscribed to all promissory notes issued by him, under a certain penalty for every promissory note issued contrariwise.

That if any clerk or servant to a Banker being entrusted with a note, bill, dividend, warrant, bond, deed, security or money, or other effects to such an amount belonging to the said Banker, or any other person who lodged the same with the said Banker; if such clerk shall secret, embezzle, or run-away with such note, bill, bond, deed, security, money, or effects, to such an amount; or in case any such clerk or servant shall issue a note, or give any receipt for a sum of money to a certain amount; and receiving the same shall neglect to bring it to account, but shall secret, embezzle, or apply the same to his own use, with intent to defraud; every clerk or servant so offending shall be deemed guilty of a crime to be hereafter specified by this act, and shall be punished accordingly.

This act is to be taken as a public act, and to be judicially taken notice of accordingly.

Extract of a letter from Warsaw, May 15.

"The following is an account of all the operations of the Russian army since the expiration of the armistice:

"The 29th of March Major Bogdanow attacked 80 Turks near Turno, and killed 13 men. The 31st of the same month Prince Gallitzin attacked a corps of 500 Turkish cavalry near Silestria, and killed 40 of them. The Cossacks have taken a vast quantity of cattle, and burnt nine mills. The first of April Lieut. Ferfen, with 300 grenadiers, routed several detachments of Turks in the night, and attacked those who were entrenched near Hushal, on the Danube, and killed 100 men, and one Emir Aga. The 2d of April the Russians took several Turkish vessels on the Danube. The 16th General Potemkin beat a corps of 2000 Turks, who had come to an island in the Danube, opposite Likaresk, and killed 500 of them. The 20th Major Jochemson took 32 Turkish vessels near Giurgewo. The 26th and 27th Col. Klitchka with 600 grenadiers, 400 light troops, and 1300 Cossacks, with six pieces of cannon, passed over the Danube, and beat a detachment of 2000 Turks, made one Aga prisoner, and took a standard. The 28th the same Colonel met a Bassa with 2000 men, 300 of whom he killed, and made 53 prisoners, and took six standards. The same day Major Lalasa, with two regiments of Cossacks, overtook the Bassa Czerkies, plundered his whole army, and even took his staff off of command. The 30th 500 Tartars were attacked by the Cossacks, 300 of them killed, and 30 made prisoners. The 1st of May 300 waggons, with Turkish families, were taken as they were going toward the Danube. Colonel Bokelman has defeated a large corps of Turks opposite Giurgewo, 1000 of whom were killed, and 38 made prisoners. Among the prisoners which have been taken, are one Aga of the Janissaries, one other Aga, and a Bassa.

"This day arrived here Colonel Fabricus, who brings intelligence, that when he set out from the grand army, it was reported that General Wiesman, with 7000 men, passed the Danube, and gained a complete victory over 15,000 Turks, of which the particulars are unknown as yet, but we daily expect the confirmation.

"The number of Turks slain in all these skirmishes is three thousand one hundred and thirty nine, and the number of prisoners two thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven."

JUNE 3. Letters from Hamburgh mention, that the dispute between the Russians and the Danes, in relation to the Duchy of Holstein, is not terminated; but that they flatter themselves it will be settled without any bad consequences, as those Powers are earnest in settling a plan that may be agreeable to both parties.

Sir Robert Walpole long since foretold, that the first attempt, from motives of policy or actual fraud, that should be made on the public funds, or great trading companies, would determine the fate of the English constitution, or bring destruction on the head of him who ventured to make the experiment. This, in his jocular hours, he used to call the day of judgment.

Mr. Wilkes received the following on Saturday last:

'A Common-Council holden in the Chamber of the Guild-'hall of the City of London, on Friday the 28th day of 'May, 1773.

'This Court doth unanimously desire such Members of Par-'liament as are Members of this Court to oppose the Bill now 'depending in Parliament respecting the East-India Company.

'HODGES.'

Extract of a letter from the Hague, May 23.

"Advices have just been received from the Dutch Consuls at Tetuan and Algiers, that the Moors, Algerines, and all the other Barbary States, are making very considerable preparations both by land and sea, especially the Moors who are fortifying every place of the least importance, and have very great armies on foot, particularly near the sea coasts. The reason of these measures being pursued is now very apparent, as the truce between the Emperor of Morocco and the King of Spain is really broke."

A letter is handed about at the west end of the town, said to have been written by a very great Lady to the D----ss of Gl------r; in which the former congratulates the latter on her safe delivery, and concludes with wishing that the new born Princess may be the Mediatrix between the D---e and his Royal B-----r. The letter is signed "Your ever affectionate Sister."

Extract of a letter from York, June 1.

"A Gentleman in Wetherby procured from a Gentleman in London some seed of the true Tartarian rhubarb, commonly called Turky rhubarb, which he raised in the spring, 1771, in a hot-bed, and which he transplanted in the month of May in the same year into the garden of Mr. Haw, of the same place, and it is now of vigorous growth. The Proprietor discovered it grew in height two inches per day for seven days successively in the last fortnight. Its leaves are upwards of two feet long, its stem seven feet high, and beautifully marbled, It is now in full flower, esteemed a great curiosity, and may prove a very valuable acquisition to this country."

We hear that a treaty of Marriage is on foot between the Prince of Beira, son to the Princess of Brazil, by Don Pedro, and heir apparent to the crown of Portugal, and the Dauphin's eldest sister, commonly called *la grosse Madame*. The Prince is not yet 12, and the Princess is near 14.

By the last accounts from Brest we learn, that 800 marines are ordered round from that port to Dunkirk, in order to work on the bason. The pretence of this infraction of the most solemn treaties is, that if something be not done to prevent the bason from being choaked with sand, the harbour in a few years will be accessible to nothing but small craft, and the trade of that flourishing town will be consequently ruined.

Letters from St. Kitt's, dated April 6, mention, that the season has been so very unfavourable to the lime trees, that they had yielded little or no fruit. These letters further add, that instead of making 18,000 hogsheads of sugar, the usual quantity, they will scarce be able to make 8000.

Yesterday the Count de Grovenstis, who is arrived here from Holland on his travels, was presented by Count Welderen, the Dutch Ambassador, to his Majesty at St. James's.

JUNE 5. The conduct of Parliament, in holding out a menace to the East-India Company, of preventing them dividing any thing, till they first pay all their debts, except they take the loan, and are satisfied with 6 per cent. is worse treatment than a common bankrupt receives at the hands of his creditors, as they allow him something to live upon, as much out of common humanity, as to enable him the better in time to discharge his debts.

It is said that when the truly detestable India bill is passed, Lord North is to go out. He is to be made a *Dowager*, like the Lord Chancellor. Mr. Jenkinson (Lord Bute's, and Lord Mansfield's confident) is to be Chancellor of the Exchequer. Lord Gower, First Lord of the Treasury. Mr. Cornwall a Lord of the Treasury. Lord North, Lord President. Lord Sandwich, Lord Privy Seal. And the Duke of Grafton, First Lord of the Admiralty; with the *virtuous* Mr. T. Bradshaw for his *private* Secretary.

The Duke of Gloucester is extremely ill.

A Correspondent informs us, that the following salaries were proposed by Lord North in the House of Commons on Thursday, and assented to on the part of the East-India Company, to be granted to the Commander in Chief of the Military Forces, and the Chief Justice, Judges, &c. of the new Court of Judicature, which is to be instituted in India, viz.

Commander in Chief,		25,000l. per Annum.
Chief Justice,	----	8000l. ditto.
Six Judges,	-- -	6000l. each.
Four of the Council,	--	10,000l. each.

The Court yesterday at St. James's was not so numerous as expected, but the Nobility and foreign Ministers that were at Court made a grand appearance; his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and three more of the young Princes, appeared in magnificent English dresses; at night there was a ball.

If liberty and property are worth preserving, the freeholders of every county in England should cordially unite for the common good of all, and petition the King immediately to dissolve the Parliament. If they are esteemed of no consequence, and if we think the House of Commons have an undoubted right to make every resolution of theirs binding, however repugnant to the laws, justice, and humanity, then let them unite in petitioning the King to make them perpetual; for if the nation is tired of freedom, no House of Commons can be better disposed to free them from the burthen than the present.

There are now in the House of Commons one barber, three footmen, three common soldiers, and eleven clerks, who obtained their seats in that honourable assembly through the channel of the East-Indies.

JUNE 8. We hear that the report of the validity of the two Royal marriages will be made by the Lord Chancellor in the upper-house on Monday next, the 14th instant, a full call being appointed for that day.

My prayer is, says a correspondent, that the King may grow wise as fast as he grows fat, and then he will be one of the wisest Kings in Europe.

When George the First closed the Parliament of the year 1720 (which had sat so long as the 10th of August, on the plunderers in the South Sea scheme) he concluded his speech to both Houses of Parliament to this effect; "that in the calamitous situation the commerce of the country had been in, through the arts of designing men, he had an equal degree of pleasure in punishing the offenders, as in restoring, in some respect, the credit of the nation." Quere, May not Geo. III. (if the present East-India bill passes) with truth reverse the sentence, and say, upon the close of this session, "that in the calamitous situation of the East-India company, it gave him as much pleasure to let the culprits escape, as to unhinge the credit of the nation."

It is generally imagined that the Minister, though he will have a great number of new and very lucrative places in his power to dispose of, by getting the East-India regulation bill passed, will nevertheless make more enemies than friends by it; because there are such a prodigious number of candidates for those Asiatic employments; and if he should give all, or most of them, according to the rule of the present reign to Scotchmen, (as is not improbable, considering he is himself but a Scotchman's deputy) the resentment of Englishmen might be at last raised, for though the spirit of Englishmen appears now to be greatly cowed, it is not, perhaps, quite extinguished; and if any thing can rekindle it, nothing seems more likely to have that effect, than being refused to be partakers of those beneficial offices in India, and seeing them all disposed of to Scotchmen.

The Parliament will break up, it is said, the 28th instant.

Notwithstanding what has been said in the morning pap... concerning the Budget being opened to-morrow, Lord North ... positively declared it will not be till Friday next.

It is fixed that Sir John Dalrymple is to be one of the Jud... that are to go to India.

General Clavering and General Fraser will absolutely be ... pointed to go to India.

A petition will this day be presented to the House of Co... mons by General Monckton, setting forth, that although ... was appointed by the Court of Directors, and approved of ... the Proprietors, to go to India, he is not included in the ... tended commission, and praying the House to take it into c... sideration.

Extract of a Letter from Dunkirk.

"English smugglers and criminals are as plenty as ever he... They are the life and support of the town, and French pol... gives them every encouragement. We have two engineers, ... an amazing expence to government (at no less than ten guin... per diem) to see the conditions of the last treaty of peace p... formed, but the fortifications have not been destroyed. T... bason, the stones of which are marked and numbered, and ... citadel, may be repaired with little expence, and at a very sh... notice. The French laugh at your œconomy and spirit, ... treat your chief engineer, who is a Scotchman with great c... lity."

A certain French Count, who has resided in this kingdom ... some time past under the specious mask of patriotism, assum... to himself the appellation of the Wilkes of France, and a se... enemy to tyranny and Scottish administrations, would hum... several of our nobility, to whom he has got himself introdu... by those professions. As he has already, by his conduct as w... as by his publications, shewn himself a most dissolute, abandoned man, it is therefore to be wished, that our nobility may look upon him in a true light, and do him the justice to believe, that his love for the happiness of this nation is as great as that of the rest of our national enemies his countrymen: If a war breaks out between us and the House of Bourbon, we shall soon experience the virtuous talents of his extraordinary genius, on hearing of his being received in the cabinet of the French Ministers, to give them an account of all he learned and observed of the English during his residence amongst them.

JUNE 10. It is reported that overtures are on foot for amicably adjusting the difference between the city and the three refractory companies, according to which the said companies are to make some concessions for their supposed offence.

The Physicians attending his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester are said to be somewhat at a loss precisely to determine his Highness's disorder, being one hour so extremely ill as to be confined to his bed, and the next so well as to be able to ride out.

A difference that has happened between a principal courtier of the Scotch Junto, and one of the Queen's German women, is likely to be a means of forewarning the public of farther unfeeling treatment intended to the Royal English Brothers, from the result of certain infamous consultations well known to be held at a house not a hundred miles from the Queen's palace.

We hear that the widows, who are proprietors of 500l. East-India stock, intend petitioning the upper-house in person, against that clause in the present East-India bill which so *wantonly* strips both them and their fatherless children of their *legal inheritance*.

Strict orders are given to the door-keepers of the House of Commons not to admit any person whatever into the gallery to-morrow, on pain of losing their places.

A noble Lord (Rochford) who proposed a great personage's intended excursion to Portsmouth, has undertaken that the expence of the journey, retinue, &c. shall not exceed 3000l. for which he has offered to farm it.

WHITEHALL, *June 4.* The King has been pleased to appoint William Campbell, Esq; (commonly called Lord William Campbell) to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of his Majesty's province of South-Carolina, in America, in the room of Lord Charles-Greville Montagu.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Francis Legge, Esq; to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of his Majesty's province of Nova-Scotia, in America, in the room of Lord William Campbell.

TROWBRIDGE, WILTS, *May 24.* The clause in the will of the late William Temple, Esq; of that place, by which he bequeathed a legacy to Mr. Wilkes, is couched in the following terms: "For his strenuous exertions in the cause of Liberty, and his glorious and noble defence of the English Constitution against a series of despotick, tyrannical, and wicked Ministers."

LIVERPOOL, *May 21.* We are informed, that Mr. Thomas Cottingham, Exciseman, at Brumbro, in Cheshire, who is now 73 years of age, constantly walks his round, which is 20 miles a day, 120 miles a week, 6240 a year; and that he has done the same for the last 50 years, which makes 312,000 miles, and is near equal to ten times round the world.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 10.

BY accounts from Tobago we learn, that on the 21st of June last, they had a violent Gale of Wind there, which did considerable Damage, particularly in the Windward Part of the Island, by blowing down several Houses, as well as their Plantains, and few or none escaped without some Loss.----The Lord Howe Cutter was driven on shore at Minster-Bay; a Brig from Casco-Bay, ---------- Potts, Master, was forced to put to Sea, with the Loss of her Anchors and Cables, but returned in three Days, having fortunately met with the Crescent Frigate, Captain Thomson, who supplied her with every Thing she stood in need of. It is feared the Master of the Brig and two of his Hands, who were on shore at the Time the Gale began, are lost in endeavouring to get on board.

The same Gale was severely felt in Grenada, but nowise attended with such unhappy Effects, the chief Damage being the Loss of Negro Houses, Cattle Pens, and Plantains.

On the 15th of last Month, the Ship Greyhound, Terence O'Neal, Master, from this Port for Bristol, was spoke with by a Vessel from Barbados, (since arrived at Philadelphia) three Days out, having lost her Main-mast, standing for Virginia, in order to refit.

Friday Evening the Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Mason, Master, arrived here from Philadelphia.

Sunday last his Majesty's Packet Boat Swallow, Captain Copeland, arrived here from Falmouth,

Yesterday the Honourable Commons House of Assembly of this Province met here, agreeable to their last Prorogation.

PRICE of RICE, 70s. per 100 lb.

Aug.	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
3d.	Snow Polly, John Lanier,	London
	Schooner Lovely-Betsey, Josias Hunt,	New-Providence
5th.	Schooner Young-Peter, Benjamin Smith,	St. Croix
6th.	Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Mason,	Philadelphia
7th.	Schooner Mary, John Young,	Hispaniola
9th.	Brig Lovely-Jenny, Lawrence Harvey,	Barbados
	Sloop Ranger, Richard King,	St. Kitts
Aug.	ENTRIES OUTWARDS.	*For*
3d.	Brig Nancy, John Ingraham,	St. Eustatia
4th.	Sloop Governor-Bruere, William Bell,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, William Newgent,	Ditto
	Sloop Balfover, Thomas Clark,	Baltimore
5th.	Snow Nancy, Spence Young,	Lisbon
	Sloop New-York Packet, Jesse Hunt,	New-York
	Schooner Daniel, Thomas Tucker,	St. Augustine
6th.	Schooner Sally, James Taylor,	Georgia
	Schooner Betsey & Polly, Samuel Stone,	Ditto
	Schooner Young-Peter, Benjamin Smith,	St. Croix

7th.	Schooner Ogeachie, Ichabod Higgins,	Georgia
	Sloop Phœnix, John Dickinſon,	Grenada
8th.	Schooner Savannah Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
Aug.	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
4th.	Brig Amelia, John McNeil,	London
5th.	Ship Edward, William Grayſon,	Liverpool
6th.	Brig Betſey, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
	Schooner Sally, James Taylor,	Georgia
7th.	Brig Expedition, Michael Dove,	London
9th.	Brig Nancy, John Ingraham,	St. Euſtatia
	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, William Newgent,	Bermuda

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 10, 1773.

THE CARGO of the Sloop *Hope*, Capt. *John Tunnard*, conſiſting of about One Hundred choice *Gambia* SLAVES, now performing Quarantine in Rebellion-Road, will be SOLD on Friday the 20th Inſtant.

*** The Public may be aſſured, that not a ſingle Slave *has*, or *ſhall be* diſpoſed of till the Day of Sale.—The Boy on whom the Small-Pox broke out, during the Paſſage, has been perfectly recovered upwards of four Weeks, and not the ſmalleſt Symptom hath ever appeared on any of the other Slaves, who are now all in perfect Health. SAMUEL CHOLLET.

Berkeley-Bounty, Auguſt 5, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Reſidents and Non-Reſidents of the Pariſh of St. Thomas and St. Dennis, that they give in a Return upon Oath, of all their Male Slaves, liable to work in the High Roads in the ſaid Pariſh, to either of the undermentioned Commiſſioners, on or before the 20th Day of September next, in Order that an Aſſeſſment may be made for defraying the Expences or Repairs of *Quenby-Bridge*.

JOHN MOORE,
THOMAS JOELL,
JAMES AKIN,
JOHN HESKETT,
THOMAS DEARINGTON,
JOHN SINGLETARY,
BENJAMIN MARION,
THOMAS ASHBY,
HOPSON PINCKNEY,
THOMAS ADDISON.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
NINETY-SIX DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common-Pleas, begun and holden at Ninety-Six, on Thurſday, April 15, 1773.

JOHN SHIELDS,

Being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as a JUROR at the ſaid Court,

Made Default, and was noted for Non-Appearance:

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That he will be fined in the Sum of *Five Pounds* Proclamation-Money of America, unleſs he ſhall make a good and ſufficient Excuſe, upon Oath, for his Non-Attendance, and tranſmit the ſame to the Crown-Office in Charles-Town, by the Third Tueſday in October next.

JOHN CALDWELL, D. C. C. & P.

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have juſt imported,

A Stock of the beſt Family MEDICINES, all warranted genuine, to be ſold Wholeſale or Retale, as cheap as poſſible. 6 w.

THE SUBSCRIBERS deſire all thoſe indebted to them by Bond, Note, or open Account, to diſcharge the ſame by the Firſt of December next, as they are determined to put all Accounts unſettled by that Day into the Hands of WILLIAM BURROWS, Eſq.

JOHN WAGNER,
PETER BOCQUET, jun.

Auguſt 5, 1773.

TO BE SOLD, on Thurſday the 26th Inſtant, by public Outcry, at the Vendue-Houſe in Charles-Town, for the Benefit of the Creditors of the Eſtate of Chriſtian Eghart, *of* Stony-Creek, *in Prince* William's *Pariſh, deceaſed,*

A NEGRO MAN,

By Trade a Blackſmith. The Conditions of the Sale is Caſh, upon Delivery of the Negro.

ISAAC DETERICK,
MICHAEL MUCKENFUS, } Adminiſtrators.

On Saturday the 4th of September next, will be SOLD by public Sale, at the Houſe of Mrs. Culliat, *at* Jackſonſburgh, *about* 12 *o'Clock,*

SEVERAL NEGROES, Part of the Eſtate of Dr. ALEXANDER FITZGERALD, deceaſed. Credit will be given to the Firſt of January, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security.

For the Executor, JACOB VALK.

N. B. Some more NEGROES will be put up for Sale at the ſame Time.

TO BE SOLD, or HIRED out for a Time,

A Sober, honeſt Negro WENCH, with a young Child in her Arms; ſhe is a good Waſher and Ironer, and has been uſed to cook.

Likewiſe, an elderly WENCH, with her Daughter about 12 Years of Age; the old Wench is an exceeding good Waſher and Ironer, and a good Cook; the Girl hath been always brought up in the Houſe, and is very handy, they are both very ſober and honeſt, and very quiet and orderly in their Behaviour. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD, the Owner having no Occaſion for her,

A YOUNG, healthy, honeſt, and ſober Negro WENCH, who is a good Waſher and Ironer, and a tolerable good Cook. Enquire of the Printer.

TAKEN up a-drift, in the Folly-River, a CANOE, Twenty-one Feet long, and Three Feet Four Inches wide, rows with Four Oars. Whoever has loſt ſuch a one, may apply to JOHN CONYERS, on Long-Iſland, or to JOSEPH DARRELL, in Charles-Town.

JAMES McCALL,

Has juſt imported in the Polly, Captain Rainier,

A very great Variety of ARTICLES,

Purchaſed with CASH, *from the moſt capital Tradeſmen,*

AMONG WHICH ARE,

PRINTED linens, calicoes, cottons, chintzes, chintz furniture, rich Morea gowns, handkerchiefs, &c. all of the very neweſt faſhion; fine beavers, of different patterns, quite the French faſhion, and officers taſte, gentlemens riding hats, bound with velvet, gold, and ſilver lace, boys white and black thanets.

Gold and ſilver bands, buttons and loops, ſilver mounted cutteaux, ladies beſt Morocco, and callimanco ſlippers with roſes, beſt black, blue, white, green, and pink Perſian and ſatin petticoats, gentlemens white, black, figured and patent ribbed, embroidered ſilk hoſe, neat faſhionable fans, Chineſe ſatin, and figured gold, and painted ribbons, ſewing ſilks, threads, pins, needles, tapes, bindings, qualities, and laces, London plated, and gilt regimental buttons, ſhoe and knee buckles, ſleeve buttons, pocket and pen knives, and ſciſſars; a great choice of ſtationary, in which are, beſt royal, and imperial writing, and variety of other paper, clarified quills, ready made pens, wax, wafers, ink-powder, beſt black lead pencils, very ſmalleſt common prayer books, directories for 1773, meſſage cards, comedies, tragedies, farces, &c. &c.

A few ſetts of ſtriking likeneſs of their Majeſties, in very elegant frames, the death of General Wolfe, Lord Granby relieving the diſtreſſed ſoldier and his family, &c. &c. &c. Vauxhall looking, dreſſing, and neat toilet glaſſes; Hardham's beſt rappee, and Straſburgh No. 9, and 37, with Weſton's high and low toaſt ſnuff, beſt blue raiſins, in matted jars, Turkey figs, Jordan almonds, pruens, barley ſugar, candy, currants, dried citron, fine hyſon tea, table ſalt, &c.

Neſts of black, gilt, flat-top, caravan, and portmantua trunks, alabaſter and wax babies, dreſt in preſent taſte.

Regimental drums, with King's arms, tabors and pipes, hautboys, fifes at 10s. cheap violins, with ſpare bows, bridges and pegs, fiddle ſtrings, and caſes, battledores and ſhuttle cocks, Venetian maſks, &c. mouſe traps, on a new conſtruction.

Small neat back-gammon tables, boxes and men, ſhoe-horns, and punch ladles, neat copper, and beſt money ſcales and weights.

Handſome faſhionable tea kitchens, trays, and bread-baſkets, finely painted with flowers; variety patterns of enamelled goods, coal ſcoops, and footmen, neat cucumber ſlicers, beſt worm cork ſcrews, nut-crackers, ſteel ſword hooks, key ſwivels, cheeſe taſters, and a few ſetts teeth inſtruments.

Black, white, green, blue, and crimſon Chineſe handle knives and forks, ſilver capt, and ferrited, tall ſilver plated candleſticks, pearl fiſh, and counters, ſilk purſes, and cane ſtrings; variety horn combs, and powder knives, cheap cloaths flaſkets, hinges, locks, bolts, haſps and ſtaples, boat chains, fleſh and toaſting forks, ſteak tongs, dripping and frying pans, pot hooks, and hangers, holdfaſts, wall-hooks, and pullies, fiſh ſkins, &c.

Two very handſome large grates with fenders, ſhovels, tongs and pokers, to ſuit, &c.

All which, with many more articles, are to be had at his ſtore in Tradd ſtreet, betwixt Meſſrs. Atkins & Weſton, and Captain Darrell's. He expects in the firſt veſſel from Briſtol, a further ſupply.

FOR SALE,

AN elegant Silver Tea Kitchen, and Coffee-Pot, of the lateſt Faſhion, made for a Gentleman's own Uſe, may be had for the Sterling Coſt, of

DUPONT, BREWTON, & Co.

Handſome Silver Candleſticks, Sauce Boats, and a Set of Caſtors, Silver Handle Knives and Forks, in Mahogany Caſes, all of the neweſt Faſhion, may be alſo had for the Sterling Coſt, of the above.

DONALD HARPER,

IN TRADD-STREET,

CARRIES on the TAYLOR'S BUSINESS in all its Branches, eſteems himſelf much obliged to all thoſe who will be pleaſed to employ him. He has a ready furniſhed Room to let, at £. 50 per Year; alſo, two ſmart Negro Girls to hire out. Enquire as above.

LOST, ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen out a Box of Carpenter's Tools, bought at the Sale of Mr. Bampfeild's Eſtate, in June, viz. a HAND-SAW, a TENNANT-SAW, and a neat HAMMER, with Lignum Vitæ Handle; the Saws and Hammer were highly poliſhed, and very neatly finiſhed.

Any Perſon who will deliver theſe Articles to the Subſcribers, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward, and a further Reward for diſcovering the Thief.

HAWKINS, PETRIE, & Co.

TO BE SOLD by public Outcry, at the Vendue-houſe in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 14th Day of September next, at 12 *o'Clock at Noon,*

THAT very valuable and pleaſant Tract of LAND on the North Side of Black-River, about ſix Miles from George-town, known by the Name of Mrs. Brown's Land, now divided into two Tracts or Plantations, and will be ſet up as follows, viz.

No. 1. The uppermoſt TRACT, which joins on Peter's Creek, contains about Five hundred and eighty-ſeven Acres, One hundred and twenty of which is as fine Tide-Swamp as any in the Province; alſo, about Forty-five Acres of good back Swamp, which is well timbered with Cypreſs, and all the high Land is well timbered with very fine Pines, which, being ſo near a market, makes it very convenient for ſawing.

No. 2. The lower TRACT, which contains about Five-hundred and ſixty-three Acres, One hundred and twenty alſo of which is Tide-Swamp and Forty-Five Acres back Swamp. This Tract is the ſame in Quality as the other.

On each of the Tracts is a very pleaſant Bluff for a Settlement.

The Plat of the whole may be ſeen at R. WELLS'S, the Great Stationary and Book Store in Charles-ſtown.

The Conditions of the Sale will be ſix months Credit for one half of the Purchaſe-money, and eighteen Months Credit for the other half, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security to HESTER BROWN.

THE Subſcriber being under the Neceſſity of declining his Buſineſs, takes this Opportunity of returning his moſt grateful Thanks for the Favours ſhewn him; and a Continuance of their Cuſtom to the Houſe (which is now fitted with every Neceſſary for the Buſineſs) will add to the Favours already received, by their moſt obedient Servant, JOHN TUKE.

N. B. Any Gentleman in Want of any Buſineſs done in the Mercantile Way, or any other, where Accounts, Writings, &c. is neceſſary, may, by applying at the old and noted TAVERN, hear of a Perſon who has been regularly bred to Buſineſs, and acquainted with moſt People out out of England.

The SUBSCRIBER

Acquaints the PUBLIC in general,

THAT he has removed to the BUNCH of GRAPES TAVERN, on the Bay, late in the Occupation of Mr. JOHN TUKE, and having ſupplied himſelf with a good Stock of the beſt Liquors now to be had in this Province, as well as with every other Neceſſary, fit for the Reception of both Strangers and Gentlemen of the Town; which, together with his Aſſiduity and Regularity in conducting the Buſineſs, he hopes to give general Satisfaction to thoſe who may be pleaſed to frequent the ſaid Tavern; and flatters himſelf, that the Public will always find him,

Their moſt faithful and obedient Servant to command,

EUGENE BRENAN.

N. B. He keeps an ORDINARY every Day, and has a BILLIARD TABLE to diſpoſe of.

TO BE SOLD, remarkable cheap, for CASH,

A VERY large new HAND-ORGAN, with five Barrels; *Alſo*, a very good tuned HARPSICHORD, *likewiſe*, a SPINNET. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to JOHN SPIESSEGGER, Organ-Builder, at the upper End of Dutch-Town; who repairs all Muſical Inſtruments of that Kind.

SUPPOSED to be ſtolen about three Weeks ago, two large SILVER TABLE SPOONS, ſtamped WG, and marked on the Outſide of the Handle S

B R. Whoever will deliver them to the Printer hereof, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS Reward, and *Ten Pounds* for the Diſcovery of the Thief.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, on Saturday the 7th Inſtant, a likely indented Dutch Servant, named CONRAD WEBBER, about 5 Feet 2 Inches high, has long ſandy Hair; he had on when he went away, an Oſnabrugs Shirt, Trowſers, and Jacket; he is about 18 Years of Age. At the ſame Time the ſaid Conrad Webber ſtole and carried off with him, a Flea-bitten white GELDING, about 14 Hands high, branded on the mounting Buttock thus B; a Trotter, and has lately been uſed in a Cart. Whoever will deliver ſaid Servant Lad, and Horſe, to the Subſcriber in Charles-Town, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS Reward, and for either alone, Five Dollars. BENJAMIN SIMONS.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 4, 1773.

STOLEN from my plantation near Dorcheſter, on Sunday the firſt of this month, a large bay GELDING, bred to the Northward, above fifteen hands high, had ſhoes on his fore feet and on his off hind foot, the hoof of which is greatly worn and he always goes lame, has a large ſtar in his forehead, and his two hind feet are white, is above eight years old. This horſe is very remarkable, as he will ſeldom draw in a Carriage without another horſe drawing before him; he paces and trots, and is not branded. *And,*

A bay GELDING, about fifteen hands, trots very high, and is about eight years old, may be eaſily known as a colt of SKIM'S; he formerly belonged to Daniel Horry, Eſq; and is branded D H on the mounting buttock, has a blind ſtar in his forehead, both his hind feet white, and a ſcar entirely round one of his hind feet. *Alſo,*

A ſmall bay GELDING, of the Engliſh breed, about thirteen hands and a half high, paces, trots and canters very eaſy, but often trips, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, his near fore foot and off hind feet are white, is about ſeven years old, and branded WZ in one, on the mounting ſhoulder.

A reward of TEN DOLLARS, beſides all reaſonable charges, will be given for each of the above geldings; or if information is given of the perſon or perſons who committed the theft, ſo that he or they may be convicted thereof, a further reward of TEN GUINEAS will be paid, by applying to WILLIAM HALFPENNY, Overſeer on the ſaid plantation, or to me in Charles-Town.

ALEXANDER WRIGHT.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

July 2, 1773. A new negro man, of the *Guinea* country, cannot tell his own or his maſter's name; he is about 26 years of age, and 5 feet 7 inches high; has on a white negro-cloth jacket and trowſers, and brought with him a blanket. Taken up at Ponpon, 36 miles from town.

July 29, 1773. A new negro boy, of the *Guinea* country, ſays his name is TOM, and his maſter's name *Dawſon*, living in *Charles-Town*; he is about 16 years of age, and 5 feet 1 inch high; has on a check ſhirt, and blue negro-cloth breeches. Taken up in *Charles-Town*.

July 31, 1773. A negro man, ſays his name is JACK, and his maſter's name *Thomas Wilcox*, a carpenter, living in *George-Town*, and that he was formerly the property of *Peter Manigault*, Eſq; he is about 30 years of age, and 5 feet 4 inches high; has on an old white negro-cloth jacket, and a pair of Ruſſia drab breeches. Taken up at Mr. *Porcher*'s plantation, 42 miles from town.

Auguſt 4, 1773. A new negro man, of the *Guinea* country, cannot tell his own or his maſter's name; he is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, and no marks; has on a blue and white ſtriped woollen jacket, oſnabrugs ſhirt and trowſers. Taken up on *Chriſtopher Gadſden*, Eſq's wharf, *Charles-Town*.

Auguſt 6, 1773. A new negro man, cannot tell his own or his maſter's name; he is about 21 years of age, and 5 feet 1 inch high, has two freſh ſores on each of his breaſts, as if burnt, a ſcar over his right eye, as if cut with a knife or cutlaſs, and his country marks on the pole of his neck, ſhoulders, and arms; has nothing on. Taken up near *Forguſon*'s ferry, 40 miles from town.

Charles Town, July 29, 1773.

GEORGE THOMSON, of Charles-Town, Merchant, having this Day ſurrendered and aſſigned, all and ſingular his Eſtate, Rights, and Credits, unto the Subſcriber; IN TRUST for the Benefit of ſuch of his Creditors, in Average and Proportion to the Amount of their ſeveral and reſpective Demands, who ſhall within Twelve Calendar Months from the Date hereof, execute and deliver unto the ſaid George Thomſon, a final Releaſe and Diſcharge of their ſaid Demands: THIS PUBLIC DECLARATION is therefore hereby made of the ſaid TRUST, of which the Creditors are requeſted to take Notice. ROBERT WILLIAMS, jun. Aſſignee.

Who deſires all Perſons indebted unto the ſaid George Thomſon, by Bond, Note, or Accompt, to diſcharge the ſame, as ſoon as poſſible.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

CHARLES-TOWN, July 24, 1773.

Purſuant to a Decree of the Honourable the Court of Chancery, in this Province, will be SOLD, to the highest Bidder, for ready Money, before the Maſter of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Tradd-ſtreet, on Thurſday the 26th of Auguſt, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon,

ALL that valuable Plantation or Tract of Land, ſituate, lying and being in *Granville* County; containing 1292 Acres, butting and bounding North-eaſtwardly on Land of Col. *Hayward*; South-eaſtwardly on *Harriſon*'s Land; and on all other Sides on Lands unknown.—Alſo, all that other Plantation or Tract of Land, ſituate in *Granville* County aforeſaid, on the Head of *Hazzard*'s Back Creek; containing 1525 Acres, butting and bounding to the Northward on ſaid Creek; North-weſtward on Land late of *Paul Jenys*, Eſq; deceaſed; South-weſtward and South-eaſtward on Land of Colonel *Daniel Hayward*.—The above Tracts of Land are Part of the real Eſtate of the late *Andrew Broughton*, Eſq; deceaſed, and are eſteemed equal in Value to any of the Lands in that Part of the Country.—Plats of the above Tracts may be ſeen in the Hands of

WILLIAM BURROWS, *Maſter in Chancery.*

SELLING OFF, for CASH,

At JOHN DAVIES's STORE in BEDON's-ALLEY,

A Very large Variety of low priced purple and white Calicoes and Cottons, and a very great Choice of printed Linens and Cottons, with ſome exceeding good gulix Hollands, low priced Iriſh Linens, good Ruſſia Sheeting, and a great many other Articles of Linen Drapery, which have been imported in the Courſe of a few Months, and were purchaſed on ſuch good Terms, as will make the Sale of them cheaper than any other Goods which have been ſold here for a long Time; thoſe who take not leſs than a whole Piece of any Article, will have very great Advantage in the Purchaſe.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A Two Story HOUSE and LOT, at the upper End of Tradd-ſtreet, containing in Front 33 Feet, and 100 Feet deep, at preſent occupied by Mrs. Eliz. Blamyer.

A Two Story Brick-Houſe, in King-ſtreet, oppoſite the old Goal, the Lot in Front 20 Feet, and in Depth 200, butting on Orange-ſtreet.

Alſo, a Two Story Brick-Houſe, in Tradd-ſtreet, the Lot containing in Front 44 Feet, and 100 Feet deep, now occupied by Mr. Daniel Harper: The Property of Mr. Daniel Badger in New-England. For further Particulars, enquire of Mr. Daniel Legaré, jun. or of the Subſcriber.

JONATHAN BADGER.

CHARLES-TOWN, Auguſt 1, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wedneſday the 11th of Auguſt, Inſtant,

A CARGO OF

TWO HUNDRED

Young and Healthy

SLAVES,

Arrived this Day in the Bark *Jaſon*, Captain *Merrick*, directly from ANGOLA.

MILES BREWTON.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely and healthy young Negro Wench, with her Child, a Boy, about three Years old; ſhe is an exceeding good plain Cook, and can Waſh and Iron, equal to any in this Country.

A WET NURSE is wanted, for which good Wages will be given, one without a Child, would be preferred. Apply to the Printer hereof.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on Wedneſday the 28th of July laſt, an indented SERVANT, named RICHARD AALDEN, about twenty-three years of age, five feet five or ſix inches high, thick ſet, of a freſh complexion, with fair hair, tied, full grey eyes, and is a little bow-legged: He is a likely young man, a *Hollander* born, but ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh; had on when he went away a nankeen coate, jacket and breeches, white ſtockings, and a pair of ſilver buckles. Whoever will deliver him to the warden of the work-houſe, or to me in Charles-Town, at the *Three Legs of a Man* in King-ſtreet, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, from

JOHN HATFIELD.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are cautioned from harbouring or carrying him off the province, as they will be proſecuted according to law.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, the 28th of laſt month, a new negro fellow named TOM, about 19 years of age, and about 5 feet 5 inches high; he had on a check ſhirt, and a pair of woollen breeches, bound round with red ferreting, which is moſt worn out, and the knees much torn; he is of a yellow complexion, and has a ſwelled face.—Whoever will deliver the ſaid fellow to the ſubſcriber, or to the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, from

CHARLES DAWSON.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forewarned from harbouring or carrying him off the province, as they will be proſecuted according to law.

NEGROES.

On Friday the 20th Day of Auguſt, at Eleven o'Clock preciſely, will be SOLD by public Outcry, at the Houſe of Alexander Gillon, (late Beresford's) on the Bay, on 12 Months Credit, paying Intereſt, with approved Security;

THE Houſe Negroes, belonging to the Eſtate of Richard Beresford, Eſq; deceaſed, amongſt whom are two good Seamſtreſſes, a Man Cook, and a handy Waiting-Man.

ROBERT SMITH,
ALEXANDER GILLON, } Executors.

ALSO,

THIRTEEN NEGROES,

The Property of the Rev. Charles Martyn; amongſt whom are ſeveral handy Boys and Girls, an exceeding good Driver and jobbing Carpenter, and a good Cook.

LIKEWISE,

A young NEGRO WOMAN,

Well known at Pompon, the Property of Mrs. M. Evans.

An exceeding good SEAMSTRESS,

Who alſo underſtands making of Paſtry, &c.—to be hired out by the Year.

For SALE by private Contract, purſuant to the Will of Dr. THOMAS CAW, deceaſed;

HIS valuable plantation on *Santee* river, adjoining lands of Colonel *Horry*, Mr. *Pringle*, and Mr. *Dutarque*, containing 1070 acres, part of which is an iſland of 730 acres of fine rice land, that does not require any fencing, and of it about 250 acres are cleared, the reſt of the tract is good high land, and the whole ſo well known as not to need any further deſcription. On the above tract are a good dwelling-houſe, a very large barn, large ſtores for rice, very large and good ſtables, an exceeding good rice machine, and a grits mill, with every other neceſſary building. Schooners that carry 150 barrels of rice, load cloſe to the barn.

Alſo, another TRACT of LAND on *Stephen*'s creek, a branch of *Savannah* river, adjoining lands of *John Murray*, Eſq; containing 1000 acres, and is eſteemed as good as any land in thoſe parts. For the terms of ſale, apply to

ROBERT PHILP,
JOHN DEAS, } Executors.

Tbctf.

WANTED,

AN OVERSEER for a Rice Swamp Plantation on Santee. He muſt be a Perſon thoroughly acquainted with the whole of Plantation Buſineſs, and that will attend the whole throughout with Aſſiduity, Fidelity, and Care. It will be the more agreeable if he has a Wife, who is uſed to the Management of, and will pay due Attention to ſick Negroes and Children. Such a Perſon (no other need apply) will meet with ſuitable Encouragement. Apply to the Printer hereof. tf.

For SALE by private Contract, and may be entered upon immediately,

THE pleaſant ſituated and healthy PLANTATION at ACKABEE, belonging to Mr. ISAAC MOTTE; alſo, a very genteel, light new POST-CHARIOT, with harneſſes compleat. Apply to

WILLIAM MOULTRIE,
SAMPSON NEYLE,
JACOB MOTTE.

Who, at the particular Requeſt of Mr. ISAAC MOTTE, deſire all thoſe indebted to him by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, to diſcharge the ſame immediately, as the above Attornies have Directions to cloſe his Affairs in the ſpeedieſt Manner, and hope all concerned will regard this laſt public Notice. 6 w

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TO BE SOLD, at Middleſex Ferry, on Tueſday the 17th Day of Auguſt Inſtant,

ALL the real and perſonal Eſtate of *Margaret-Jane Henry*. The Condition to be Caſh; and thoſe who have any Claim or Demand on the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to attend. The Sale will begin at Two o'Clock preciſely.

A PERSON well qualified, would undertake to keep three or four Setts of Books, in which the greateſt Secrecy and Diſpatch may be depended on.—For Particulars, apply to the Printer.

LONDON particular Madera WINE, of the Vintage 1771, and 1772;—London, and Carolina Madera WINE, Briſtol BEER, in Bottles, and a few Firkins of very fine Iriſh Roſe BUTTER, to be ſold by

GEORGE-ABBOTT HALL, & Co.

WILLIAM LOOCOCK,

Has imported in the laſt veſſels from LONDON,

A Compleat and general aſſortment of chymical, galenical preparations and drugs, with almoſt every family medicine now in uſe, among which are, the famous eſſence of JOHNSOM or TURPETH ROOT, bring a native of the remote parts of this province, and which is the moſt certain, eaſy and effectual medicine ever found in all venereal caſes. Fifteen drops being taken morning and evening, in a glaſs of water or any thing convenient, will moſt effectually rout that diſorder in a few days, and never leave any ill effects thereafter, which is too often the caſe: It is likewiſe a moſt effectual medicine in all rheumatic complaints, leproſy, ſcurvy, old ſores or ulcers, nay even in all chronical diſorders; it will cure the yaws effectually in a few days; and will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms at his MEDICINAL WARE-HOUSE, in Broad-ſtreet.

Pittſburgh, July 17, 1773.

JOHN LEWIS VAIGNEUR, tells a ſtreyed ſteer, red and white, branded on the left ſide thus 3R, marked in the right ear with an upper and under heel, and in the left ear a ſmooth crop and under heel. The owner muſt prove his property before DAVID GIROUD, J. P.

JUST IMPORTED FROM LONDON,

In the *Union*, Captain *Coombes*, and *Carolina-Packet*, Captain *White*,

By Z. KINSLEY,

AND NOW OPEN FOR SALE,

At his STORE,

Late Meſſrs. STOTT's, in BEDON's-ALLEY,

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of GOODS, conſiſting of Articles as under, all which were purchaſed by his Agent at the beſt Markets with Caſh; and as he intends going for England in about four Months, he is determined, for ready Money, or, if to a conſiderable Amount, at ſhort Credit, to ſell much under the common Advance: He takes this Opportunity of returning his moſt hearty Thanks to all his Friends and Cuſtomers for their paſt Favours.

A LARGE and elegant Aſſortment of printed Linens and Calicoes, light & dark Ground Chintzes, all new Spring Patterns, from 12s. 6d. to any Price,
Blue and red ſtriped Ginghams,
Blue and red Cotton Romals,
A curious Aſſortment, to the Amount of 300 Guineas, in Fancy and common printed Handkerchiefs,
Manchester and Scots checked ditto,
Checks for Aprons and Shirts,
Iriſh Linens of all Breadths and Prices,
Long and clear Lawns and Cambricks,
Flowered and plain bordered Lawn Handkerchiefs and Aprons,
Curious flowered Minionet Lawns and Needle-work Aprons,
Striped, figured and plain Muſlins,
Yard and 6-4 wide Book ditto, ſome of which are exceeding fine,
Book Muſlin, bordered Handkerchiefs at 27s. 6d. to 32s. 6d. the Piece,
Ruſſia, Lancaſhire, and Iriſh Sheeting,
Flanders and common Ticking for Beds,
Bed Bunts and Bolſter Ends,
Table Linen of all Sorts,
Figured and plain Dimities,
Marſeilles Quilting for Ladies Petticoats,
Ditto in Covers for Beds, very curious, at 25l. the Piece,
Striped, flowered, plain, brocaded Silks and Satins, fit for Ladies Gowns or Summer Wear for Gentlemen,
Black Bombazines,
A Piece of Superfine Scarlet Broad Cloath at 7l. 17s. 6d. the Yard,
Faſhionable Summer Colour ditto with Trimmings ſuitable at 6l. 15s. the Yard,
Sagathies,
Duroys, and Serges,
Kerſeymeers,
Figured and plain black Modes and Satins,
Plain, ſtriped and flowered Gauzes,
Bordered Gauze Handkerchiefs and Gauze for Pavilions,
Skeleton and Pound Wires,
Caps,
A large Quantity of black and Blond Lace, Mechlin, Minonets, Trollies, Edgings and Footings,
Figured and plain Ribbons the Amount of 400 Guineas, which will be ſold *very cheap*.
Ladies faſhionable Riding-hats,
Mens fine and coarſe ditto,
Covering and fine Chip ditto,
Mens coarſe and fine Shoes,
Ladies white and coloured Leather ditto,
Brocaded, Silk, and Satin ditto,
Stuff ditto,
Men and Womens Gloves and Mitts of all Sorts,
Silk, Thread and Cotton Stockings,
Worſted and Silk Pieces for Breeches,
Silk, Satin, and Calimanco Petticoats,
A few compleat Sets of Ivory-handle Knives and Forks, with a *large Aſſortment* of *Cutlery*,
Bohea and Green Tea,
Loaf Sugar,
Scots Snuff and Roll Tobacco,
Black Pepper, Mace, Cloves, &c. &c. &c.

JACOB VALK,

HEREBY acquaints the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that at his OFFICE, Merchants, and Tradeſmen, may have their Books regulated by the Month, Quarter, or Year, and as oft as needful balanced and cloſed.

LIKEWISE, Sets of Books opened properly for Perſons newly commencing any Kind of Buſineſs, and ſuperintended with the utmoſt Care. *ALSO*, Accounts relating to Partnerſhips, Planters, Executors, Adminiſtrators, Aſſignees, &c. compleatly ſcrutinized and accurately adjuſted.

AND, Perſons deſirous of ſettling their yearly Buſineſs expeditiouſly, by ſending their Books to him, may have it done, the different Accounts drawn out, and the Monies collected, or otherwiſe ſettled in the moſt ſuitable Manner.

LANDS, HOUSES, and NEGROES, bought and ſold at private Sale, upon the uſual Commiſſions. The Plats of the Lands (of which there is always a Variety at his Office) may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to the Subſcriber:—Where any Perſon deſirous to purchaſe Plantations or Lands in any Part of this Province, and in GEORGIA, may at all Times, have an Opportunity of being accommodated.

MONEY borrowed and lent at INTEREST, without any EXPENCE TO THE LENDER, who will be entitled to Intereſt for his Money, from the Day he gives Notice to him of having it to LET. *AND*, ſuch as deſire it, may have their Intereſt applied for as it becomes due, without any Expence.

TO BE SOLD by public Outcry, on Tueſday the 10th of Auguſt Inſt. at the Vendue-Houſe in Charles-Town,

THE Houſe and Lot in Colleton-ſquare, Ellery-ſtreet, belonging to John-Williams Lucas, containing in front to the ſaid ſtreet 42 Feet 2 Inches, and in Depth 75 Feet 3 Inches, lately divided into two Tenements, with a Brick Kitchen to each Tenement, formerly uſed as a Dwelling-Houſe, having two Stories, and Saſh-Windows now in good Repair; the Whole rented at 300l. per Annum, and now tenanted.

The Conditions of the Sale is Caſh, or if particularly deſired, Credit to the Firſt of January, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security, if required.

JACOB VALK.

For SALE by private Contract,

FOUR valuable and ſeaſoned Negroes, viz. One young FELLOW, a complete Waiting-man, uſed to the Care and Management of Horſes, and can drive a Carriage.—Two young FELLOWS fit for the Field.——One compleat Houſe WENCH, who is alſo a good ordinary Cook. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely young Negro FELLOW, aged 22 Years, Country born, and is a good Bricklayer. For further Particulars enquire of JACOB VALK.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-Street.